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NORTH KOREAN LEADERS!***

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Kim Jong-un, Chairman of the Workers' Party of Korea



He was born on 8 January (1983 or 1984) and is Kim Jong-il and his wife Ko Yong-hui's second son. He dropped out of Liebefeld Steinhölzli state school in Köniz, Switzerland. Shortly after Kim Jong-il's death on December 17, 2011, he held the title of the First Chairman of the National Defense Commission, the First Secretary of the Worker's Party of Korea, and the Commander-in-chief of the Korean People's Army, but the 13th Session of the Supreme People's Assembly held on June 29, 2016, the National Defense Commission was reorganized into a State Affairs Commission and the name of the First Secretary was renamed as the "Chairman." As of 2019, he serves as Chairman of the State Affairs Commission, Chairman of the Workers' Party of Korea, Chairman of the National Defense Commission, and the Commander-in-chief of the Korean People's Army.

Kim Yo-Jong, First Deputy Director of the Propaganda and Agitation Department of the Workers' Party of Korea and a Member of the Political Bureau Candidate Committee



She was born on 26 September 1988, and is Kim Jong-un's sister. She is the third child of father Kim Jong-il and mother Ko Young-hui. She studied together with Kim Jong-un in Switzerland. She was officially mentioned for the first time on 9 March 2014, as she accompanied her brother in voting for the Supreme People's Assembly. She attended the 2018 Winter Olympics opening ceremony in Pyeongchang, South Korea. She attended the meeting with South Korean President Moon Jae-in on 10 February and revealed she was dispatched as a special envoy of Kim Jong-un. She was part of her brother's team during the 2018 North Korea-United States Singapore Summit and the 2019 North Korea-United States Hanoi Summit. Recently she made a statement under her name, directly criticizing the Moon Jae-in's government that expressed its sorrow about the North Korea's missile launch.

Choe Ryong-hae, President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly and First Vice Chairman of the State Affairs Commission



He was born on January 15, in Sinchon County, South Hwanghae Province. He graduated from the Mangyongdae Revolutionary Academy. He has been in the spotlight since the Kim Jong-un era in 2012. In 2012, he was appointed director of the General Political Bureau of the Korean People's Army. He was appointed as the Director of the Organization and Guidance Department in 2018. At the 14th session of the Supreme People's Assembly held on April 11, 2019, he was newly appointed to the President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly and also was appointed to the First Vice Chairman of the State Affairs Commission and became the second-in-command.

Choe Son-hui, First Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs



She was born on 10 August 1964. She became a stepdaughter of Choe Yong-rim, a former Premier of North Korea. She spent her childhood in Pyongyang and spent her junior high school days in China, Austria, and Malta. She speaks English fluently from her experience and knowledge while studying abroad. She entered the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in 1988. From 2003 to 2008, she participated in the six-party talks as an interpreter. In 2010, she was appointed to Deputy Director of the North American Affairs Bureau of the Foreign Ministry and she became North Korea's deputy

chief delegate to the six-party talks. In 2016, she was promoted to Director of the North American Affairs Bureau of the Foreign Ministry and in 2018 she became Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs with the North America portfolio. She was promoted to the First Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs at the Supreme People's Assembly held on April 11, 2019.

Pak Pong-ju, Vice Chairman of the State Affairs Commission



He was born on 10 April, 1939. After graduating from Dukcheon Industrial University, at the age of 23, he became a manager of the Yongchon food factory and seized the opportunity to raise the factory to its best productivity. At the age of 41, he became an alternative member of the ruling Korean Workers' Party (KWP) Central Committee. In the '80s, a propaganda film about him was even made. He is an economic expert who is well aware of the limitations of North Korea's planned economy because he has experience in making achievements in the field. In September 2003, he took the position of Prime Minister of North Korea with the trust of Kim Jong-il. On June 29, 2016, he was appointed Vice Chairman of the State Affairs Commission.

Kim Jae-ryong, Prime Minister of North Korea



His birth date is unknown. He is estimated to be in his 60s. Around 2007, he was appointed the secretary of the Worker's Party of Korea (WPK) North Pyongan provincial committee. He was appointed chief secretary of the WPK Chagang provincial committee in 2015 and subsequently became its chairman. In June 2016, he was elected as a member of the Worker's Party of Korea Central Committee. In April 2019, he was appointed Prime Minister of North Korea.

Ri Ryong-nam, Member of the Supreme People's Assembly Foreign Relations Committee and Deputy Prime Minister of North Korea



He was born on 8 August, 1960, and spent his childhood in Pyongyang. He graduated from Beijing University of Foreign Studies. After serving as the secretary of economic affairs for the North Korean Embassy in Singapore in 1994, he was appointed as an assistant to the Ministry of Trade in 1998. After rising to the Ministry of Trade in March 2001, he was appointed as the first vice chairman of the North Korea International Trade Promotion Committee in October 2004. In September 2010, he was elected to the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea. In June 2016, he was appointed Deputy

Premier of the Cabinet of North Korea. In April 2017 he was appointed as a member of the Supreme People's Assembly Foreign Relations Committee.

Ri Son-gwon, Minister of Foreign Affairs



His birth date is unknown. He is believed to be in his late 50s or mid-60s. He has a military background. Since 2006, he has been North Korea's representative for high-level inter-Korean talks and military working-level talks, and since 2010, he has been the North Korea's key person during the Kaesong Industrial Complex talks. Therefore, from 2005 to 2014, he appeared as the North Korea's representative 27 times at the inter-Korean talks. In 2016, he was appointed as a chairman of the National Peace and Reunification Committee. In 2018, he was appointed as a candidate for the

Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea. In January 2020, he was appointed as a Foreign Minister. In April 2020, he was appointed as North Korean Foreign Minister. In April 2020, he became a member of the State Affairs Commission.

Jang Kum-chul, Head of the United Front Department



His birth date is unknown. He is estimated to be in his late 50s. In 2001, he participated in the 6.15 North-South Joint Event as a member of the National Economic Cooperation Association and was later appointed to the Central Committee of the National People's Congress for Reconciliation and Cooperation (Minhwa Cooperation), where he served as a member of the Korea Asia-Pacific Peace Committee for civilian exchange. On April 10, 2019, he was elected as the central committee member of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea (WPK) at the fourth meeting of the 7th term of the Workers' Party of Korea, and was appointed as a Vice Chairman of the Political Bureau and Head of the United Front Department